

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/53

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme

- ; separates marking points
- / separates alternatives within a marking point
- () the word or phrase in brackets is not required but sets the context
- **A** accept (a less than ideal answer which should be marked correct)
- **I** ignore (mark as if this material were not present)
- **R** reject
- ecf credit a correct statement that follows a previous wrong response
- ora or reverse argument
- owtte or words to that effect (accept other ways of expressing the same idea)

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	initial and final volumes completed correctly; to 1 d.p.; comparable to Supervisor's result ($\pm 0.3 \text{ cm}^3$);	1 1 1
1(b)	initial and final volumes completed correctly; to 1 d.p.; comparable to Supervisor's result ($\pm 0.3 \text{ cm}^3$);	1 1 1
1(c)(i)	to remove M / residue / impurities / to clean it;	1
1(c)(ii)	to remove water / so N is not diluted;	1
1(d)(i)	colourless / pale green to pink;	1
1(d)(ii)	there is already a colour change / self-indicating / it goes pink / owtte;	1
1(e)(i)	Experiment 1 / solution M	1
1(e)(ii)	volume for Experiment 1 is twice volume for Experiment 2 / volume for Experiment 2 is half volume for Experiment 1;	1
1(e)(iii)	solution N is twice as concentrated / strong ora;	2
1(f)	half value from result in table for Experiment 2; half volume (of L) used;	1 1
1(g)	<i>advantage</i> : easy to use / quick / convenient; <i>disadvantage</i> : not accurate owtte;	1 1

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	white / colourless (solid / crystals);	
2(b)	any two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • melts / turns into a liquid; • condensation at top of tube; • solid turns brown; • gas (pH 4) formed; 	2
2(c)	pH 1–6	1
2(d)	initial temperature recorded; final temperature recorded, less than initial temperature; effervescence / fizz / bubbles;	1 1 1
2(e)	blue solution;	1
2(f)	effervescence / bubbles / heat produced; lighted splint; pops;	1 1 1
2(g)	white / grey / light blue (solid);	1
2(h)	initial temperature; final temperature higher than initial; turns blue;	1 1 1
2(i)	blue; precipitate;	1 1
2(j)	blue precipitate; dissolves / soluble / solution; deep / dark / royal blue (solution);	1 1 1
2(k)	any two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • hydrated / water; • acid; • organic; 	2
2(l)	copper (ions present);	1